

MUSIC LONG TERM PLANNING DOCUMENT

<u>Curriculum Intent Statement</u>

Music is a unique way of communicating that can inspire and motivate children. It is a vehicle for personal expression and it can play an important part in the personal development of people. Music reflects the culture and society we live in, and so the teaching and learning of music enables children to better understand the world they live in. Besides being a creative and enjoyable activity, music can also be a highly academic and demanding subject. It also plays an important part in helping children feel part of a community. We provide opportunities for all children to create, play, perform and enjoy music, to develop the skills to appreciate a wide variety of musical forms, and to begin to make judgements about the quality of music.

At Greenfields, we believe that everyone has the right to use their creative and artistic talents. Everyone is entitled to a range of high quality arts experiences whatever their background and ability. At Greenfields, the Expressive Arts include (but are not limited to) the following curriculum subjects; Art, Dance, Design and Technology, Drama and Music.

Aims and objectives

The aims of the Expressive Arts subjects are:

- To promote a love of learning in the enjoyment of arts and culture through a wide-range of experiences and opportunities; during and outside normal teaching hours.
- To continually strive to improve and develop teaching, ensuring pupils receive quality provision and a breadth of arts and cultural occasions.
- To involve pupil engagement; they will be able to talk enthusiastically about, and demonstrate their knowledge, skills, understanding and
 experience of, a broad range of high-quality arts and cultural provision.

- To embed a diverse curriculum, allowing pupils to explore and make connections in other subjects.
- To allow pupils to have the opportunity to have greater input in what they learn and how they record their learning.
- To have a commitment to CPD across the coverage of arts and culture for all members of staff, with appropriate resources for this.
- To work with and understand the value of working with a broad range of partners to provide and deliver high-quality arts and cultural education.
- To demonstrate a clear commitment to the equality of education and the opportunity for all pupils with protected characteristics (as defined in the Equality Act 2010) to take part in arts and cultural experiences.

Overview

	AUTUMN	SPRING	SUMMER
Year 1/2 – Cycle 1	Singing, Listening and Appraising	Singing, Listening, Appraising and improvising	Singing, Listening and Appraising
Year 1/2 – Cycle 2	Violins	Violins	Violins
Year 3/4 – Cycle 1	Sound Scapes	Roman Singing	Film Water Compositions
Year 3/4 – Cycle 2	Keyboards	Drumming	Recorders
Year 5/6 – Cycle 1	Samba Cultural Music	Project Dot One Compositions	Project Dot One Compositions
Year 5/6 – Cycle 2	World War Singing	Space Compositions	Ukulele

Knowledge and skills ladder	EYFS	Years 1 and 2	Years 3 and 4	Years 5 and 6
Singing	Children sing songs, make music and dance. Children can experiment with ways of changing songs.	Make, play, change and combine sounds; experiment with different ways of producing sounds with voice, musical instruments, simple music technology, 'body sounds' (tapping, clicking, marching, stamping etc.) and keep a steady pulse.	Use voice, sounds, technology and instruments in creative ways. Sing and play confidently and fluently, maintaining an appropriate pulse.	Experiment with voice, sounds, technology and instruments in creative ways and to explore new techniques. Lead an independent part in a group when singing
		Recognise and broadly control changes in timbre, tempo, pitch and dynamics when playing instruments and vocally. Sing broadly in tune within a limited pitch range.	Sing within an appropriate vocal range with clear diction, mostly accurate tuning, control of breathing and appropriate tone. Maintain an independent part in a small group when playing or singing (e.g. rhythm, ostinato, drone, simple part singing etc.).	or playing. (e.g. rhythm, ostinato, drone, simple part singing, etc.)
Playing, improvising and composing	Children represent their own ideas, thoughts and feelings through music. Children understand the language of loud, quiet, fast and slow.	Follow and lead simple performance directions, demonstrating understanding of these through movement, singing and playing (including, but not limited to, dynamics and tempo, starting and	Suggest, follow and lead simple performance directions. Demonstrate musical quality – e.g. clear starts, ends of pieces / phrases, technical accuracy etc.	Maintain a strong sense of pulse and recognise and self correct when going out of time. Demonstrate increasing confidence, expression, skill and level of musicality through taking different

	stopping, adhering to 'starts and	Create simple rhythmic patterns,	roles in performance and
	stops' -i.e. sound	melodies and accompaniments.	rehearsal.
	and silence). Pupils could suggest		
	and try out their		
	own ideas.	Communicate ideas, thoughts and feelings through	Use a variety of musical devices, timbres, textures,
	ownideds.	and reenings infoogn	liffibles, lexibles,
		simple musical demonstration,	techniques etc. when creating
	Musically demonstrate increased	language, movement	and making music.
	understanding and	and other art forms, giving simple	
	use of basic musical features as	justifications of	Create music which demonstrates
	appropriate related	reasons for responses.	understanding
	to a specific music context (e.g. graduation of		of structure and discuss the choices made.
		Aurally identify, recognise,	
	sound – getting louder, softer, higher, lower, faster,	respond to and use musically (as appropriate) basic symbols	
	riigrier, iower, iaster,	(standard and invented),	As appropriate, follow basic
	slower, describe the quality of sounds and how they	including rhythms from standard	shapes of music, and
	sourias and now mey	Western notation (e.g. crotchets,	simple staff notation, through
	are made, combined etc.).	quavers) and basic changes in	singing and playing
	Name common classroom	pitch within a limited range.	short passages of music when
	instruments.		working as a musician.
	Create music, and suggest		
	symbols to represent		
	sounds (e.g. a large foot for the Daddy bear, small		
	foot for baby bear).		

		Make physical movements that		
		represent sounds		
		, , , , ,		
		(e.g. move like a snake, an		
		elephant, grow like a		
		tree in response to music).		
		Begin to recognise rhythmic		
		patterns found in speech,		
		раненіз тоона ін зресені,		
		e.g. saying / chanting names,		
		counting syllables in		
		names etc.		
		Demonstrate understanding of		
		the differences		
		between pulse and rhythm		
		through physical		
		movement, playing, singing.		
		The vernerii, pidying, singing.		
Listening	Listen with increased	Listen with increased	Offer comments about own and	Listen and evaluate a range of
2.510119	concentration.	concentration, responding	others' work and ways to improve;	live and recorded music
			accept feedback and	for a different Landing
		appropriately to a variety of live	suggestions from others.	from different traditions, genres,
	Respond appropriately to a	and recorded music,		styles and times, responding appropriately to the context.
	variety of live and recorded	making statements and		Share opinions about own and
	music.	observations about the music	Develop an understanding of the	others' music and be willing
			history of music.	omens messe and se mining
		and through movement, sound-		to justify these.
		based and other		
		creative responses.		
		0.03.1.0.100001303.		Be perceptive to music and
				communicate personal
				•

	Listen to ideas from others, taking	thoughts and feelings, through
	turns as appropriate	discussion, movement,
	to the context, e.g. passing around instruments,	sound-based and other creative responses such as visual arts.
	sharing, listening to others playing/singing/	Critique own and others' work, offering specific comments and justifying these.
	Comment on and respond to recordings of own voice, other classroom sounds, musical instruments etc.	Develop an understanding of the history of music.

YEAR 1 AUTUMN TERM CYCLE 1&2 Singing, Listening and Appraising		
National Curriculum Objectives	Knowledge	Links to Core Values
 Perform, listen to, review and evaluate music across a range of historical periods, genres, styles and traditions, including the works of the great composers and musicians. Learn to sing and to use their voices, to create and compose music on their own and with others, have the opportunity to learn a musical instrument, use technology appropriately and have the opportunity to progress to the next level of musical excellence. Understand and explore how music is created, produced and communicated, including through the inter-related dimensions: pitch, duration, dynamics, tempo, timbre, texture, structure and appropriate musical notations. 	 To listen to and appraise a range of hip/hop songs To learn and/or build on knowledge and understanding about the interrelated dimensions of music through To play instruments along to the beat of songs To improvise and compose along with a song backing track To perform a song and evaluate the performance 	Deep thinking- Pupils reflect on their work and use their previous knowledge and learning of skills to create a successful conclusion of work. Risk takers- Pupils take risks by exploring skills and techniques. They can articulate whether these risks were successful or not, and whether they would repeat them again in the future. Team builders- Pupils share and listen to each other's ideas. They can express their opinions in a safe space. Pupils comment and assess each other's work, providing meaningful feedback so other's performances and/or compositions can grow and develop. Go Getters- Pupils try new ideas and persevere when things get tricky. They can discuss their musical achievements. Community makers- Pupils respect each other's differences and individual musical choices. They respectfully listen to each other's ideas and opinions and are careful with the constructive feedback that they provide each other.
Skills		Key Vocabulary
 Use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music 		Dynamics, tempo, beat, pitch rhythm, pulse, beat, melody, pulse
Experiment with, create, select and combine		Links to other Curriculum Areas
sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music.		Speaking and listening Year 1 English objectives.
Prior Learning	Key Questions	Future Learning
Children will have been exposed to songs from the hip-hop genre on the radio at home.	How do you appraise a song?	Learning will continue in the next term developing on their understanding.

YEAR 1 SPRING TERM CYCLE 1&2		
National Curriculum Objectives	Singing, Listening, Appraising and improvision Knowledge	Links to Core Values
 Perform, listen to, review and evaluate music across a range of historical periods, genres, styles and traditions, including the works of the great composers and musicians. Learn to sing and to use their voices, to create and compose music on their own and with others, have the opportunity to learn a musical instrument, use technology appropriately and have the opportunity to progress to the next level of musical excellence. Understand and explore how music is created, produced and communicated, including through the inter-related dimensions: pitch, duration, dynamics, tempo, timbre, texture, structure and appropriate musical notations. 	 To listen to and appraise a range of songs from different genres To learn and/or build on knowledge and understanding about the interrelated dimensions of music through To play instruments along to the beat of songs To learn to sing a song in six different styles (Blues, Baroque, Latin, Bhangra, Folk and Funk) To listen to, learn and compare songs from different styles; Bossa Nova, Latin/pop, film music, big band jazz, dance and jazz. To improvise and compose along 	Deep thinking- Pupils reflect on their work and use their previous knowledge and learning of skills to create a successful conclusion of work. Risk takers- Pupils take risks by exploring skills and techniques. They can articulate whether these risks were successful or not, and whether they would repeat them again in the future. Team builders- Pupils share and listen to each other's ideas. They can express their opinions in a safe space. Pupils comment and assess each other's work, providing meaningful feedback so other's performances and/or compositions can grow and develop. Go Getters- Pupils try new ideas and persevere when things get tricky. They can discuss their musical achievements. Community makers- Pupils respect each other's differences and individual musical choices. They respectfully listen to each other's ideas and opinions and are careful with the constructive feedback that they provide each other.
Skills	with a song backing track	Key Vocabulary
 Use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music 	 To perform a song and evaluate the performance To learn how to do call and response 	Dynamics, tempo, beat, pitch rhythm, pulse, beat, melody, pulse
Experiment with, create, select and combine	to a song using both their voices and	Links to other Curriculum Areas
sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music. • Play tuned and untuned instruments musically	instruments	Speaking and listening Year 1 English objectives.
Prior Learning	Key Questions	Future Learning
Children will have begun learning how to listen and appraise songs in the Autumn Term.	How can we use instruments to do call and response to songs from different genres?	Learning will continue in the next term developing on their understanding.

National Coming to Objective	Singing, Listening and Appraising	Links to Cons Values
 Perform, listen to, review and evaluate music across a range of historical periods, genres, styles and traditions, including the works of the great composers and musicians. Learn to sing and to use their voices, to create and compose music on their own and with others, have the opportunity to learn a musical instrument, use technology appropriately and have the opportunity to progress to the next level of musical excellence. Understand and explore how music is created, produced and communicated, including through the inter-related dimensions: pitch, duration, dynamics, tempo, timbre, texture, structure and appropriate musical notations. 	 Knowledge To listen to and appraise a range of songs involving the use of their imaginations To learn and/or build on knowledge and understanding about the interrelated dimensions of music through To play instruments along to the beat of songs To improvise and compose along with a song backing track To perform a song and evaluate the performance To learn to sing a song in two different parts 	Links to Core Values Deep thinking- Pupils reflect on their work and use their previous knowledge and learning of skills to create a successful conclusion of work. Risk takers- Pupils take risks by exploring skills and techniques. They can articulate whether these risks were successful or not, and whether they would repeat them again in the future. Team builders- Pupils share and listen to each other's ideas. They can express their opinions in a safe space. Pupils comment and assess each other's work, providing meaningful feedback so other's performances and/or compositions can grow and develop. Go Getters- Pupils try new ideas and persevere when things get tricky. They can discuss their musical achievements. Community makers- Pupils respect each other's differences and individual musical choices. They respectfully listen to each other's ideas and opinions and are careful with the constructive feedback that they provide each other.
Use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music Experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music. Play tuned and untuned instruments musically		Expression of the Curriculum Areas Speaking and listening Year 1 English objectives.
Prior Learning Children will have learnt how to listen and appraise songs and incorporate some instruments in the Spring Term.	Key Questions How do you sing a song in different parts?	Future Learning Children will go onto learn the violin in year 2 applying their learnt listening skills as well as understanding of different musical vocabulary.

YE	AR 2 AUTUMN, SPRING & SUMMER TERM CYCL	E 1 & 2
	Violins	
National Curriculum Objectives	Knowledge	Links to Core Values
 Perform, listen to, review and evaluate music across a range of historical periods, genres, styles and traditions, including the works of the great composers and musicians. Learn to sing and to use their voices, to create and compose music on their own and with others, have the opportunity to learn a musical instrument, use technology appropriately and have the opportunity to progress to the next level of musical excellence. Understand and explore how music is created, produced and communicated, including through the inter-related dimensions: pitch, duration, dynamics, tempo, timbre, texture, structure and appropriate musical notations. 	 How to hold a violin and bow How to make a good sound by plucking and bowing the strings How to use the bow to make different sounds and articulations To feel a pulse and be able to clap and play in time to it To listen to music and notice different instruments and to describe how it makes them feel To understand the sound and look of the different rhythms To understand the different pitches of the open strings To read normal music notation on the stave of open strings and 1st fingers To identify notes, rests, dynamics, repeats and clef on the stave To use this knowledge to be able to perform a varied repertoire To understand working together as an ensemble 	Deep thinking- Pupils reflect on their work and use their previous knowledge and learning of skills to create a successful conclusion of work. Risk takers- Pupils take risks by exploring skills and techniques. They can articulate whether these risks were successful or not, and whether they would repeat them again in the future. Team builders- Pupils share and listen to each other's ideas. They can express their opinions in a safe space. Pupils comment and assess each other's work, providing meaningful feedback so other's performances and/or compositions can grow and develop. Go Getters- Pupils try new ideas and persevere when things get tricky. They can discuss their musical achievements. Community makers- Pupils respect each other's differences and individual musical choices. They respectfully listen to each other's ideas and opinions and are careful with the constructive feedback that they provide each other.
Skills • To read and play music confidently and with expression • To sing with confidence • To constructively and positively analyse their own and others' work to improve it • To use their foundation of music theory to allow them to learn new repertoire independently • To understand the difference between practice and performance • To increase listening, teamwork and aural awareness skill		Key Vocabulary Violin, bow, pluck, bowing, pizzicato, arco, forte, piano, staccato, legato, tremolo (shimmer), crotchet, quaver, minim, semibreve, rest, treble clef, stave, bar, bar line, time signature, repeat, pulse, beat, rhythm, pitch (high/low), accent, body percussion Links to other Curriculum Areas Speaking and listening Year 2 English objectives.
Drian Le graine	Kov Overskiens	Futuro La avisia a
Prior Learning No previous experience of violin but have played some instruments during improvisation in Year 1.	Key Questions How do I play an instrument in time with music using different musical performance elements?	Future Learning Children can go on to continue learning the violin in small groups and individual lessons at Northolmes.

	YEAR 3&4 AUTUMN TERM CYCLE 1 SOUNDS SCAPES		
 Perform, listen to, review and evaluate music across a range of historical periods, genres, styles and traditions, including the works of the great composers and musicians. Learn to sing and to use their voices, to create and compose music on their own and with others, have the opportunity to learn a musical instrument, use technology appropriately and have the opportunity to progress to the next level of musical excellence. Understand and explore how music is created, produced and communicated, including through the inter-related dimensions: pitch, duration, dynamics, tempo, timbre, texture, structure and appropriate musical notations. 	 Knowledge To understand what a percussion instrument is and give examples. To compose a sound scape. To compose a sound scape using technical musical terminology. To rehearse a self-written composition. To rehearse a self-written composition. To perform a self-written composition. 	Links to Core Values Deep thinking- Pupils reflect on their work and use their previous knowledge and learning of skills to create a successful conclusion of work. Risk takers- Pupils take risks by exploring skills and techniques. They can articulate whether these risks were successful or not, and whether they would repeat them again in the future. Team builders- Pupils share and listen to each other's ideas. They can express their opinions in a safe space. Pupils comment and assess each other's work, providing meaningful feedback so other's performances and/or compositions can grow and develop. Go Getters- Pupils try new ideas and persevere when things get tricky. They can discuss their musical achievements. Community makers- Pupils respect each other's differences and individual musical choices. They respectfully listen to each other's ideas and opinions and are careful with the constructive feedback that they provide each other.	
Skills Pupils should be taught to sing and play musically with increasing confidence and control They should develop an understanding of musical composition, organising and manipulating ideas within musical structures and reproducing sounds from aural memory. play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter-related dimensions of music use and understand staff and other musical notations		Key Vocabulary adagio, allegro, andante, bars, bass clef, beat, chord, crochet, crochet rest, duet, duration, dynamics, flat, forte, harmony, improvisation, key, melody, minim, minim rest, octave, ostinato, pentatonic, piano, pitch, pulse, quaver, rest, rhythm, semibreve, semibreve rest, sharp, solo, staccato, stave, tempo, texture, timbre, time signature, treble clef Links to other Curriculum Areas Speaking and listening Year 3/4 English objectives.	
Prior Learning	Key Questions	Future Learning	

Children will build upon their musical knowledge and understanding of musical concepts and reading music from Year 2 when learning to play the violin. •	What are percussion instruments and how can they be used to build up a sound from multiple components?	Children will be going on to do further compositions in the summer term and developing skills learnt.
	YEAR 3&4 SPRING TERM CYCLE 1 ROMAN SINGING	
National Curriculum Objectives	Knowledge	Links to Core Values
 Perform, listen to, review and evaluate music across a range of historical periods, genres, styles and traditions, including the works of the great composers and musicians. Learn to sing and to use their voices, to create and compose music on their own and with others, have the opportunity to learn a musical instrument, use technology appropriately and have the opportunity to progress to the next level of musical excellence. Understand and explore how music is created, produced and communicated, including through the inter-related dimensions: pitch, duration, dynamics, tempo, timbre, texture, structure and appropriate musical notations. 	 To be able to identify and discuss a musica 'mood'. To be able to notate music using symbols. To be able to work as part of a group to compose a piece of music to accompany film. To be able to perform a piece of music to accompany film. 	Deep thinking- Pupils reflect on their work and use their previous knowledge and learning of skills to create a successful conclusion of work. Risk takers- Pupils take risks by exploring skills and techniques. They can articulate whether these risks were successful or not, and whether they would repeat them again in the future. Team builders- Pupils share and listen to each other's ideas. They can express their opinions in a safe space. Pupils comment and assess each other's work, providing meaningful feedback so other's performances and/or compositions can grow and develop. Go Getters- Pupils try new ideas and persevere when things get tricky. They can discuss their musical achievements. Community makers- Pupils respect each other's differences and individual musical choices. They respectfully listen to each other's ideas and opinions and are careful with the constructive feedback that they provide each other.
Skills		Key Vocabulary
 Pupils should be taught to sing and play musically with increasing confidence and control They should develop an understanding of musical composition, organising and manipulating ideas within musical structures and reproducing sounds from aural memory. play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression 		a cappella, adagio, allegro, andante, bars, bass clef, beat, chord, chorus, crochet, crochet rest, duet, duration, dynamics, flat, forte, harmony, improvisation, key, melody, minim, minim rest, octave, ostinato, pentatonic, piano, pitch, pulse, quaver, rest, rhythm, semibreve, semibreve rest, sharp, solo, staccato, stave, tempo, texture, timbre, time signature, treble clef, verse Links to other Curriculum Areas Children will be looking at the Romans in History.

listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory		
Prior Learning	Key Questions	Future Learning
Children will build upon the skills they developed form their singing units in Year 1.	How do you sing effectively to set a mood?	Children will be going on to do further singing in Year 5/6, developing skills learnt.
	YEAR 3&4 SUMMER TERM CYCLE FILM WATER COMPOSITIONS	1
National Curriculum Objectives	Knowledge	Links to Core Values
 Perform, listen to, review and evaluate music acr range of historical periods, genres, styles and traditions, including the works of the great comp and musicians. Learn to sing and to use their voices, to create at compose music on their own and with others, had the opportunity to learn a musical instrument, use technology appropriately and have the opportunity to progress to the next level of musical excellence. Understand and explore how music is created, produced and communicated, including throug inter-related dimensions: pitch, duration, dynamic tempo, timbre, texture, structure and appropriate musical notations. 	of pulse, rhythmic patterns, coordination, musical memory to develop understanding of ostinato Understand how rhythm patterns can be notated To learn about rhythmic patterns To learn how rhythms can be described through rhythmic symbols	Deep thinking- Pupils reflect on their work and use their previous knowledge and learning of skills to create a successful conclusion of work. Risk takers- Pupils take risks by exploring skills and techniques. They can articulate whether these risks were successful or not, and whether they would repeat them again in the future. Team builders- Pupils share and listen to each other's ideas. They can express their opinions in a safe space. Pupils comment and assess each other's work, providing meaningful feedback so other's performances and/or compositions can grow and develop. Go Getters- Pupils try new ideas and persevere when things get tricky. They can discuss their musical achievements. Community makers- Pupils respect each other's differences and individual musical choices. They respectfully listen to each other's ideas and opinions and are careful with the constructive feedback that they provide each other.
Skills Pupils should be taught to sing and play musicall increasing confidence and control They should develop an understanding of musical composition, organising and manipulating ideas within musical structures and reproducing sounds aural memory. play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instrument increasing accuracy, fluency, control and express improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter-related dimensions of musical and understand staff and other musical note.	• To learn to identify rhythmic patterns in music. from s with sion usic	adagio, allegro, andante, bars, bass clef, beat, chord, crochet, crochet rest, duet, duration, dynamics, flat, forte, harmony, improvisation, key, melody, minim, minim rest, octave, ostinato, pentatonic, piano, pitch, pulse, quaver, rest, rhythm, semibreve, semibreve rest, sharp, solo, staccato, stave, tempo, texture, timbre, time signature, treble clef Links to other Curriculum Areas

appreciate and understand a wide range of high- quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians		Children v	will be looking at oceans in Geography.
develop an understanding of the history of music. Prior Logrania.	Koy Ougstions		Futura Lagraina
Prior Learning Children will build upon their musical skills learnt in autumn term composition unit of sound scapes.	Key Questions What are rhythmic patterns and how are they used when composing? YEAR 3&4 AUTUMN TERM CYCLE:	developin	Future Learning will be going on to do further compositions in Year 5/6, ng skills learnt.
	Keyboards	_	
National Curriculum Objectives	Knowledge		Links to Core Values
 Perform, listen to, review and evaluate music across a range of historical periods, genres, styles and traditions, including the works of the great composers and musicians. Learn to sing and to use their voices, to create and compose music on their own and with others, have the opportunity to learn a musical instrument, use technology appropriately and have the opportunity to progress to the next level of musical excellence. Understand and explore how music is created, produced and communicated, including through the inter-related dimensions: pitch, duration, dynamics, tempo, timbre, texture, structure and appropriate musical notations. 	 To name the keys of the keybo To demonstrate the correct porton for playing the keyboard Use finger numbers when playing keys To match up keys with the correct notation. How to break down a melody stirt's easier to practice How to build up speed to improfile fluency How to check rhythms How to perform with correct find and posture How to read music 	ect Te o that ove G gers C a gers	eep thinking- Pupils reflect on their work and use their revious knowledge and learning of skills to create a poccessful conclusion of work. Isk takers- Pupils take risks by exploring skills and echniques. They can articulate whether these risks were poccessful or not, and whether they would repeat them gain in the future. In the future of their opinions in a safe space. Pupils somment and assess each other's work, providing meaningful feedback so other's performances and/or compositions can grow and develop. In Getters- Pupils try new ideas and persevere when things et tricky. They can discuss their musical achievements. In the future of the futur
Skills			Key Vocabulary
 Pupils should be taught to sing and play musically with increasing confidence and control They should develop an understanding of musical composition, organising and manipulating ideas within musical structures and reproducing sounds from aural memory. play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory 		cr ho oc re sto tre	dagio, allegro, andante, bars, bass clef, beat, chord, rochet, crochet rest, duet, duration, dynamics, flat, forte, armony, improvisation, key, melody, minim, minim rest, ctave, ostinato, pentatonic, piano, pitch, pulse, quaver, est, rhythm, semibreve, semibreve rest, sharp, solo, accato, stave, tempo, texture, timbre, time signature, eble clef Links to other Curriculum Areas peaking and listening Year 3/4 English objectives.

appreciate and understand a wide range of high- quality live and recorded music drawn from different		
traditions and from great composers and musicians	Kara O. P.	F. L
Prior Learning	Key Questions	Future Learning
Children developing on musical skills learnt when learning the violin in year 2.	How do you read music and play two different parts simultaneously on the keyboard?	Children will be going on to learn the recorder in the Spring Term, developing musical skills learnt.
	YEAR 3&4 SPRING TERM CYCLE 2 RECORDERS	
National Curriculum Objectives	Knowledge	Links to Core Values
 Perform, listen to, review and evaluate music across a range of historical periods, genres, styles and traditions, including the works of the great composers and musicians. Learn to sing and to use their voices, to create and compose music on their own and with others, have the opportunity to learn a musical instrument, use technology appropriately and have the opportunity to progress to the next level of musical excellence. Understand and explore how music is created, produced and communicated, including through the inter-related dimensions: pitch, duration, dynamics, tempo, timbre, texture, structure and 	 note B To play in time with the pulse and breathe in the correct places. To listen and copy different rhythms (patterns of long and short sounds) on the note B To play the note B clearly and confidently in two new pieces and learn more about the musical score (identify the time signature, bar lines, treble clef and note B on a score) To play the note A, know what the word 'rhythm' means and copy back different rhythms on the note B with greater accuracy 	 Deep thinking- Pupils reflect on their work and use their previous knowledge and learning of skills to create a successful conclusion of work. Risk takers- Pupils take risks by exploring skills and techniques. They can articulate whether these risks were successful or not, and whether they would repeat them again in the future. Team builders- Pupils share and listen to each other's ideas. They can express their opinions in a safe space. Pupils comment and assess each other's work, providing meaningful feedback so other's performances and/or compositions can grow and develop. Go Getters- Pupils try new ideas and persevere when things get tricky. They can discuss their musical achievements.
• To		Community makers- Pupils respect each other's differences and individual musical choices. They respectfully listen to each other's ideas and opinions and are careful with the constructive feedback that they provide each other.
Skills	continue improving improvisation.	Key Vocabulary
		adagio, allegro, andante, bars, bass clef, beat, chord, crochet, crochet rest, duet, duration, dynamics, flat, forte, harmony, improvisation, key, melody, minim, minim rest, octave, ostinato, pentatonic, piano, pitch, pulse, quaver, rest, rhythm, semibreve, semibreve rest, sharp, solo, staccato, stave, tempo, texture, timbre, time signature, treble clef
play and perform in solo and ensemble		Links to other Curriculum Areas
contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression		Speaking and listening Year 3/4 English objectives.

use and understand staff and other musical notations		
Prior Learning	Key Questions	Future Learning
Children developing on musical skills learnt when	How do you read music and breathe effectively when	Children will be going on to learn other instruments in Year 5/6,
learning the keyboard.	learning to play the recorder?	developing musical skills learnt.

	YEAR 3&4 SUMMER TERM CYCLE 2 DRUMMING	
National Curriculum Objectives	Knowledge	Links to Core Values
 Perform, listen to, review and evaluate music across a range of historical periods, genres, styles and traditions, including the works of the great composers and musicians. Learn to sing and to use their voices, to create and compose music on their own and with others, have the opportunity to learn a musical instrument, use technology appropriately and have the opportunity to progress to the next level of musical excellence. Understand and explore how music is created, produced and communicated, including through the inter-related dimensions: pitch, duration, dynamics, tempo, timbre, texture, structure and appropriate musical notations. 	 To listen to and appraise a range of HipHop songs paying special attention to the beat and drumming elements To learn and/or build on knowledge and understanding about the interrelated dimensions of music through To play the drums along to the beat of songs To drum different types of beats To improvise and compose along with a song backing track To perform a song and evaluate the performance 	Deep thinking- Pupils reflect on their work and use their previous knowledge and learning of skills to create a successful conclusion of work. Risk takers- Pupils take risks by exploring skills and techniques. They can articulate whether these risks were successful or not, and whether they would repeat them again in the future. Team builders- Pupils share and listen to each other's ideas. They can express their opinions in a safe space. Pupils comment and assess each other's work, providing meaningful feedback so other's performances and/or compositions can grow and develop. Go Getters- Pupils try new ideas and persevere when things get tricky. They can discuss their musical achievements. Community makers- Pupils respect each other's differences and individual musical choices. They respectfully listen to each other's ideas and opinions and are careful with the constructive feedback that they provide each other.
Skills Pupils should be taught to sing and play musically with increasing confidence and control They should develop an understanding of musical composition, organising and manipulating ideas within musical structures and reproducing sounds from aural memory. play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression	To learn how to do call and response to a song using instruments	Key Vocabulary adagio, allegro, andante, bars, bass clef, beat, chord, crochet, crochet rest, duet, duration, dynamics, flat, forte, harmony, improvisation, key, melody, minim, minim rest, octave, ostinato, pentatonic, piano, pitch, pulse, quaver, rest, rhythm, semibreve, semibreve rest, sharp, solo, staccato, stave, tempo, texture, timbre, time signature, treble clef Links to other Curriculum Areas Children will be looking Africa and their culture in Geography.

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improvise and compose music for a range of			
purposes using the inter-related dimensions of			
music			
listen with attention to detail and recall sounds			
with increasing aural memory			
Prior Learning	Key Questions		Future Learning
Children developing on musical skills learnt when learning	How do you use drums to hold the beat		ren will be going on to learn other instruments in Year 5/6 and
the violin in year 2.	and add texture to a song?		their drumming knowledge in the samba, developing
		music	cal skills learnt.
	YEAR 5&6 AUTUMN TERM CYCLE 1		
	SAMBA CULTURAL MUSIC		
National Curriculum Objectives	Knowledge		Links to Core Values
			Deep thinking - Pupils reflect on their work and use their
Perform, listen to, review and evaluate music across of the second	 To understand what Samba is an 	nd	previous knowledge and learning of skills to create a
range of historical periods, genres, styles and	where the music originated from		successful conclusion of work.
traditions, including the works of the great composer	where the music originated from		Risk takers- Pupils take risks by exploring skills and
and musicians.	 To listen to samba music and disc 	CUSS	techniques. They can articulate whether these risks were
 Learn to sing and to use their voices, to create and 	how it differs from other cultural r	music	successful or not, and whether they would repeat them
compose music on their own and with others, have		110310	,
the opportunity to learn a musical instrument, use	 To learn about the different 		again in the future.
technology appropriately and have the opportunity	instruments of the samba band		Team builders- Pupils share and listen to each other's ideas.
to progress to the next level of musical excellence.	T 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		They can express their opinions in a safe space. Pupils
Understand and explore how music is created,	To learn about and discuss difference	ent	comment and assess each other's work, providing
produced and communicated, including through the	e samba rhythms, timing and beat	·s	meaningful feedback so other's performances and/or
inter-related dimensions: pitch, duration, dynamics,	 To play samba rhythms on difference 		compositions can grow and develop.
tempo, timbre, texture, structure and appropriate musical notations.		3111	Go Getters- Pupils try new ideas and persevere when things
musical notations.	percussion instruments		get tricky. They can discuss their musical achievements.
	To rehearse and perform a samb	na	Community makers- Pupils respect each other's differences
	,	74	and individual musical choices. They respectfully listen to
	band piece		each other's ideas and opinions and are careful with the
			constructive feedback that they provide each other.
			constructive results and may provide each emor.
Skills			Key Vocabulary
 Pupils should be taught to sing and play musically wire 	th		adagio, allegro, andante, bars, bass clef, beat, chord,
increasing confidence and control			crochet, crochet rest, duet, duration, dynamics, flat, forte,
 They should develop an understanding of musical 			harmony, improvisation, key, melody, minim, minim rest,
composition, organising and manipulating ideas			octave, ostinato, pentatonic, piano, pitch, pulse, quaver,
within musical structures and reproducing sounds from	m		rest, rhythm, semibreve, semibreve rest, sharp, solo,
aural memory.			staccato, stave, tempo, texture, timbre, time signature,
 play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, 			treble clef
using their voices and playing musical instruments wit			
increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression			
 improvise and compose music for a range of 		ļ	Links to other Curriculum Areas
purposes using the inter-related dimensions of music		ļ	
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 listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory use and understand staff and other musical notations appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians Develop an understanding of the history of music. Prior Learning Children developing skills learnt previously from drumming unit of work. 	Key Questions How does music from different cultures vary?	Children will be looking at the rainforests and cultures in South America in Geography. Future Learning Children will be going on to learn other instruments in Year 5/6, developing musical skills learnt.
YE	AR 5&6 SPRING AND SUMMER TERM CYCLE 1	
National Curriculum Objectives	PROJECT DOT ONE COMPOSITIONS Knowledge	Links to Core Values
Perform, listen to, review and evaluate music across a range of historical periods, genres, styles and traditions, including the works of the great composers and musicians. Learn to sing and to use their voices, to create and compose music on their own and with others, have the opportunity to learn a musical instrument, use technology appropriately and have the opportunity to progress to the next level of musical excellence. Understand and explore how music is created, produced and communicated, including through the inter-related dimensions: pitch, duration, dynamics, tempo, timbre, texture, structure and appropriate musical notations. Skills Pupils should be taught to sing and play musically with increasing confidence and control They should develop an understanding of musical composition, organising and manipulating ideas	 Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression Improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the interrelated dimensions of music: pitch, duration, dynamics, tempo, timbre, texture, structure and appropriate musical notations Listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory Use and understand staff and other musical notations Appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians 	Deep thinking- Pupils reflect on their work and use their previous knowledge and learning of skills to create a successful conclusion of work. Risk takers- Pupils take risks by exploring skills and techniques. They can articulate whether these risks were successful or not, and whether they would repeat them again in the future. Team builders- Pupils share and listen to each other's ideas. They can express their opinions in a safe space. Pupils comment and assess each other's work, providing meaningful feedback so other's performances and/or compositions can grow and develop. Go Getters- Pupils try new ideas and persevere when things get tricky. They can discuss their musical achievements. Community makers- Pupils respect each other's differences and individual musical choices. They respectfully listen to each other's ideas and opinions and are careful with the constructive feedback that they provide each other. Key Vocabulary Legato, major scale, melisma, melody, minor scale, octave, ostinato, range, register, ternary form, third, timbre, tonic, tonality, unison, vamping, articulators, ascending phrase, crescendo, descending phrase,

 play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter-related dimensions of music develop an understanding of the history of music. 		Links to other Curriculum Areas Speaking and listening Year 5/6 English objectives.
Prior Learning	Key Questions	Future Learning
Children will build upon skills from previous composition unit	How do you compose a piece of music and	Children will go on to use their skills in future year 5/6 unit of
from film water compositions in year 3/4.	what different sections is music split into?	space compositions.

YEAR 5&6 AUTUMN TERM CYCLE 2 WORLD WAR SINGING		
National Curriculum Objectives	Knowledge	Links to Core Values
 Perform, listen to, review and evaluate music across a range of historical periods, genres, styles and traditions, including the works of the great composers and musicians. Learn to sing and to use their voices, to create and compose music on their own and with others, have the opportunity to learn a musical instrument, use technology appropriately and have the opportunity to progress to the next level of musical excellence. Understand and explore how music is created, produced and communicated, including through the inter-related dimensions: pitch, duration, dynamics, tempo, timbre, texture, structure and appropriate musical notations. 	 To sing songs from a point in history. To discuss the meaning behind song lyrics and their importance. To discuss how the tempo of a song sets a mood. To sing in different parts. To prepare for a singing performance. To perform songs singing confidently. 	Deep thinking- Pupils reflect on their work and use their previous knowledge and learning of skills to create a successful conclusion of work. Risk takers- Pupils take risks by exploring skills and techniques. They can articulate whether these risks were successful or not, and whether they would repeat them again in the future. Team builders- Pupils share and listen to each other's ideas. They can express their opinions in a safe space. Pupils comment and assess each other's work, providing meaningful feedback so other's performances and/or compositions can grow and develop. Go Getters- Pupils try new ideas and persevere when things get tricky. They can discuss their musical achievements. Community makers- Pupils respect each other's differences and individual musical choices. They respectfully listen to each other's ideas and opinions and are careful with the constructive feedback that they provide each other.
Skills		Key Vocabulary
 Pupils should be taught to sing and play musically with increasing confidence and control They should develop an understanding of musical composition, organising and manipulating ideas within musical structures and reproducing sounds from aural memory. 		A cappella, adagio, allegro, andante, bars, bass clef, beat, chord, chorus, crochet, crochet rest, duet, duration, dynamics, flat, forte, harmony, improvisation, key, melody, minim, minim rest, octave, ostinato, pentatonic, piano, pitch, pulse, quaver, rest, rhythm, semibreve, semibreve rest, sharp, solo, staccato, stave, tempo, texture, timbre, time signature, treble clef, verse

 play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression develop an understanding of the history of music. 		Links to other Curriculum Areas Children will be looking at World War I and II in History.
Prior Learning	Key Questions	Future Learning
Children building upon previous singing in the Roman unit of work.	How do you sing songs in the different styles appropriate to the time frame, in multiple different parts?	Children will be ready to progress in group singing by strengthening pupils' ability to sing in harmony while further developing sound production and expressive performance. Some pupils may sing solo as part of small group work.

YEAR 5&6 SPRING TERM CYCLE 2 SPACE COMPOSITIONS			
National Curriculum Objectives	Knowledge	Links to Core Values	
 Perform, listen to, review and evaluate music across a range of historical periods, genres, styles and traditions, including the works of the great composers and musicians. Learn to sing and to use their voices, to create and compose music on their own and with others, have the opportunity to learn a musical instrument, use technology appropriately and have the opportunity to progress to the next level of musical excellence. Understand and explore how music is created, produced and communicated, including through the inter-related dimensions: pitch, duration, dynamics, tempo, timbre, texture, structure and appropriate musical notations. 	 To understand what an un-tuned instrument is and give examples To be able to write music for different parts To understand how to represent different sections of musical piece To be able to compose a piece of music that tells a story To be able to compose a piece of music that tells a story To be able to compose a piece of music that tells a story 	Deep thinking- Pupils reflect on their work and use their previous knowledge and learning of skills to create a successful conclusion of work. Risk takers- Pupils take risks by exploring skills and techniques. They can articulate whether these risks were successful or not, and whether they would repeat them again in the future. Team builders- Pupils share and listen to each other's ideas. They can express their opinions in a safe space. Pupils comment and assess each other's work, providing meaningful feedback so other's performances and/or compositions can grow and develop. Go Getters- Pupils try new ideas and persevere when things get tricky. They can discuss their musical achievements. Community makers- Pupils respect each other's differences and individual musical choices. They respectfully listen to each other's ideas and opinions and are careful with the constructive feedback that they provide each other.	
Skills		Key Vocabulary	
 Pupils should be taught to sing and play musically with increasing confidence and control They should develop an understanding of musical composition, organising and manipulating ideas 		a cappella, adagio, allegro, andante, bars, bass clef, beat, chord, chorus, crochet, crochet rest, duet, duration, dynamics, flat, forte, harmony, improvisation, key, melody, minim, minim rest, octave, ostinato, pentatonic, piano, pitch, pulse, quaver, rest, rhythm, semibreve, semibreve rest, sharp,	

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within musical structures and reproducing sounds from			solo, staccato, stave, tempo, texture, timbre, time signature,
aural memory.play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts,			treble clef, verse
using their voices and playing musical instruments with			Links to other Curriculum Areas
increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression			Children will be looking at space in Science.
 improvise and compose music for a range of 			
purposes using the inter-related dimensions of music			
 use and understand staff and other musical notations 			
 appreciate and understand a wide range of high- 			
quality live and recorded music drawn from different			
traditions and from great composers and musicians			
Prior Learning	Key Questions		Future Learning
Children will develop knowledge and understanding from	How do you use different musical		Children will use their knowledge of composing and writing
previous composition units in year 3/4.	instruments to represent different se	ctions of	music to help them read music in other units of learning.
	a story?		
	YEAR 5&6 SUMMER TERM CYC	LE 2	
National Coming to the actions	UKULELE	1	Lielia to Coro Values
National Curriculum Objectives	KnowledgeTo hold and play the	Doon Ho	Links to Core Values inking- Pupils reflect on their work and use their previous
Device Wiston to review and evaluate review agrees			
 Perform, listen to, review and evaluate music across a range of historical periods, genres, styles and 	ukulele in the correct		dge and learning of skills to create a successful conclusion of
traditions, including the works of the great composers	position	work.	
and musicians.	Understand what an up	Risk takers- Pupils take risks by exploring skills and techniques. They	
Learn to sing and to use their voices, to create and	and down strum are		
compose music on their own and with others, have	To know how to pluck		te whether these risks were successful or not, and whether they
the opportunity to learn a musical instrument, use	notes	would re	epeat them again in the future.
technology appropriately and have the opportunity	 To know how to block the 	Toam bu	uilders- Pupils share and listen to each other's ideas. They can
to progress to the next level of musical excellence.	sound		their opinions in a safe space. Pupils comment and assess each
 Understand and explore how music is created, 	 To be able to strum and 		·
produced and communicated, including through the	pluck different rhythms to		work, providing meaningful feedback so other's performances
inter-related dimensions: pitch, duration, dynamics,	varying tempos	and/or o	compositions can grow and develop.
tempo, timbre, texture, structure and appropriate musical notations.	 To be able to play the 	Co Co#	ers- Pupils try new ideas and persevere when things get tricky.
mosical notations.	chord of C, F and G		n discuss their musical achievements.
	To play in time with the	mey ca	n discuss meir musical achievements.
	pulse and pause in the	Commu	nity makers- Pupils respect each other's differences and
	correct places. To listen		al musical choices. They respectfully listen to each other's ideas
	and copy different		nions and are careful with the constructive feedback that they
	rhythms (patterns of long		each other.
Skills	and short sounds)		Key Vocabulary
Pupils should be taught to sing and play musically with	To play the chords clearly		allegro, andante, bars, bass clef, beat, chord, crochet,
increasing confidence and control	and confidently in a new		rest, duet, duration, dynamics, flat, forte, harmony,
They should develop an understanding of musical	and confidently in a new		ration, key, melody, minim, minim rest, octave, ostinato,
composition, organising and manipulating ideas		pentato	nic, piano, pitch, pulse, quaver, rest, rhythm, semibreve,

 within musical structures and reproducing sounds from aural memory. play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression use and understand staff and other musical notations appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians 	about the musical score To be able to identify the	semibreve rest, sharp, solo, staccato, stave, tempo, texture, timbre, time signature, treble clef Links to other Curriculum Areas Speaking and listening Year 5/6 English objectives.
Prior Learning	Key Questions	Future Learning
Children developing skills learnt previously from drumming and recorder unit of work.	How do you play different chords which, played in different ways, make a song?	Children will be going on to learn other instruments in, developing musical skills learnt.